

FOR RELEASE: 10:00 A.M. ET, Thursday, July 22, 2021

## The Conference Board® U.S. Business Cycle Indicators<sup>SM</sup>

# THE CONFERENCE BOARD LEADING ECONOMIC INDEX® (LEI) FOR THE UNITED STATES AND RELATED COMPOSITE ECONOMIC INDEXES FOR JUNE 2021

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index<sup>®</sup> (LEI) for the U.S. increased 0.7 percent, The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index<sup>®</sup> (CEI) increased 0.4 percent, and The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index<sup>®</sup> (LAG) remained unchanged in June.

- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. continued to rise in June. Most of its underlying components made positive contributions, except for building permits and average weekly manufacturing hours. The leading economic index increased 5.0 percent (about a 10.3 percent annual rate) during the first half of 2021, slower than the growth of 6.6 percent (about a 13.7 percent annual rate) during the second half of 2020. In addition, the strengths among the leading indicators remained widespread.
- The Conference Board CEI for the U.S., a measure of current economic activity, also improved in June. The coincident economic index rose 2.4 percent (about a 4.9 percent annual rate) between December 2020 and June 2021, down from the growth of 4.1 percent (about an 8.5 percent annual rate) during the previous six months. However, the strengths among the coincident indicators have remained very widespread, with all components advancing over the past six months. The lagging economic index remained unchanged while the CEI increased. As a result, the coincident-to-lagging ratio rose. Real GDP expanded at a 6.4 percent annual rate in the first quarter of 2021, up from 4.3 percent (annual rate) in the fourth quarter of last year.
- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. continued to increase in June. Meanwhile, The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. has also been rising steadily through the first half of this year, with widespread strengths among its underlying components. The widespread improvements in both the LEI and CEI and their components suggest that the expansion in economic activity will continue in the near term.

LEADING INDICATORS. Eight of the ten indicators that make up The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. increased in June. The positive contributors – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance (inverted), the ISM® New Orders Index, the Leading Credit Index<sup>TM</sup> (inverted), the interest rate spread, average consumer expectations for business conditions, stock prices, manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials\*, manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft\*. The negative contributors were building permits and average weekly manufacturing hours.

The LEI for the U.S. increased 0.7 percent in June and now stands at 115.1 (2016=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 1.2 percent in May and increased 1.3 percent in April. Over the six-month span through June, the leading economic index increased 5.0 percent, with seven out of ten components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 75 percent).

<u>COINCIDENT INDICATORS.</u> All four indicators that make up The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. increased in June. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were employees on nonagricultural payrolls, industrial production, personal income less transfer payments\*, and manufacturing and trade sales\*.

The CEI increased 0.4 percent in June and now stands at 105.5 (2016=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.5 percent in May and increased 0.1 percent in April. During the six-month period through June, the coincident economic index increased 2.4 percent, with all four components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 100 percent).

LAGGING INDICATORS. The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index for the U.S. remained unchanged in June and now stands at 105.8 (2016=100), with two of its seven components advancing. The positive contributors to the index were the change in CPI for services and the ratio of consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income\*. The negative contributors – beginning with the largest negative contributor – were commercial and industrial loans outstanding\*, the average duration of unemployment (inverted), and the change in the index of labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing\*. The average prime rate charged by banks and the ratio of manufacturing and trade inventories to sales\* held steady in June. Based on revised data, the lagging economic index increased 0.6 percent in May and increased 3.0 percent in April.

#### DATA AVAILABILITY AND NOTES.

The data series used to compute **The Conference Board Leading Economic Index**<sup>®</sup> (LEI) for the U.S., **The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index**<sup>®</sup> (CEI) for the U.S. and **The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index**<sup>®</sup> (LAG) for the U.S. and reported in the tables in this release are those available "as of" 8:30 am ET on June 20, 2021. Some series are estimated as noted below.

\* Series in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. based on our estimates are manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials and manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft. Series in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are personal income less transfer payments and manufacturing and trade sales. Series in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are manufacturing and trade inventories to sales ratio, the change in labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing, consumer installment credit to income ratio, and the personal consumption expenditure deflator used to deflate commercial and industrial loans outstanding.

The procedure used to estimate the current month's personal consumption expenditure deflator (used in the calculation of commercial and industrial loans outstanding) incorporates the current month's consumer price index when it is available before the release of The Conference Board LEI for the U.S.

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THE CYCLICAL INDICATOR APPROACH. The composite economic indexes are the key elements in an analytic system designed to signal peaks and troughs in the business cycle. The leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes are essentially composite averages of several individual leading, coincident, or lagging indicators. (See page 3 for details.) They are constructed to summarize and reveal common turning point patterns in economic data in a clearer and more convincing manner than any individual component—primarily because they smooth out some of the volatility of individual components.

Historically, the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. have occurred before those in aggregate economic activity, while the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. have occurred at about the same time as those in aggregate economic activity. The cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. generally have occurred after those in aggregate economic activity.

#### U.S. Composite Economic Indexes: Components and Standardization Factors

<b>Leading Econom</b>	ic Index	<u>Factor</u>
1	Average weekly hours, manufacturing	0.2798
2	Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance	0.0326
3	Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials	0.0844
4	ISM® new orders index	0.1587
5	Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl.	
	aircraft	0.0411
6	Building permits, new private housing units	0.0289
7	Stock prices, 500 common stocks	0.0393
8	Leading Credit Index <sup>TM</sup>	0.0833
9	Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	0.1109
10	Avg. consumer expectations for business conditions	0.1410
Coincident Eco		
1	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	0.5302
2	Personal income less transfer payments	0.2052
3	Industrial production	0.1446
4	Manufacturing and trade sales	0.1200
Lagging Econo	omic Index	
1	Inventories to sales ratio, manufacturing and trade	0.1282
2	Average duration of unemployment	0.0356
3	Consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income	0.0550
	ratio	0.1842
4	Commercial and industrial loans	0.0844
5	Average prime rate	0.3055
6	Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	0.0508
7	Consumer price index for services	0.2113

#### Notes:

The component factors are inversely related to the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component. They are used to equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are "normalized" to sum to 1. When one or more components are missing, the other factors are adjusted proportionately to ensure that the total continues to sum to 1.

These factors were revised effective with the release in January 2021, and all historical values for the three composite economic indexes were revised at this time to reflect the changes. (Under normal circumstances, updates to the leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes only incorporate revisions to data over the past six months.) The factors for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. were calculated using May 1990-December 2019 as the sample period for measuring volatility. A separate set of factors for the February 1959 - December 1977, January 1978 - December 1983 and January 1984 – April 1990 periods are available upon request. The primary sample period for the coincident and lagging economic indexes was February 1959 – December 2019. For additional information on the standardization factors and the index methodology see: "Benchmark Revisions in the Composite Indexes," *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1997 and "Technical Appendix: Calculating the Composite Indexes" *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1996, or the Website: <a href="http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm">http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm</a>

The trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. is -0.0760 (over the 1984 – present) and 0.0928 (over the 1959-1983 period), and the trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. is 0.1463.

To address the problem of lags in available data, those leading, coincident and lagging indicators that are not available at the time of publication are estimated using statistical imputation. An autoregressive model is used to estimate each unavailable component. The resulting indexes are therefore constructed using real and estimated data and will be revised as the unavailable data during the time of publication become available. Such revisions are part of the monthly data revisions, now a regular part of the U.S. Business Cycle Indicators program. The main advantage of this procedure is to utilize in the leading economic index data such as stock prices, interest rate spread, and manufacturing hours that are available sooner than other data on real aspects of the economy such as manufacturers' new orders. Empirical research by The Conference Board suggests that there are real gains in adopting this procedure to make all the indicator series as up-to-date as possible.

#### **NOTICES**

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index® (LEI) for the U.S. news release schedule for 2021:

For December 2020 data
For January 2021 data
For February 2021 data
For March 2021 data
For April 2021 data
For May 2021 data
For June 2021 data
For July 2021 data
For August 2021 data
For September 2021 data
For October 2021 data
For November 2021 data

All releases are at 10:00 AM ET.

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#### AVAILABLE FROM THE CONFERENCE BOARD

#### U.S. Business Cycle Indicators Internet Subscription

(Includes monthly release, data and charts) \$ 995 per year

#### Monthly BCI Report (PDF)

(Sample available at <a href="http://www.conference-board.org/data/monthlybci.cfm">http://www.conference-board.org/data/monthlybci.cfm</a>) \$ 400 per year

BCI Handbook (published 2001) PDF only – website download

Understanding Business Cycles: The Indicators Approach to Forecasting for Agility: https://www.conference-board.org/publications/publicationdetail.cfm?publicationid=2510

Business Cycle Indicators for Brazil, China, the Euro Area, France, Germany, India, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Spain, the U.K, and the U.S. are available at \$ 995 per country per year.

Table 1. Summary of U.S. Composite Economic Indexes

	2020 2021							
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	
Leading index	109.6	110.1	110.1	111.6	113.0	114.3 r	115.1 p	
Percent change	0.4	0.5	0.0	1.4	1.3	1.2 r	0.7 p	
Diffusion index	75	70	50	100	70	60	80	
Coincident index	103.0	103.7	103.1	104.5 r	104.6 r	105.1	105.5 p	
Percent change	0.0	0.7	-0.6	1.4 r	0.1 r	0.5 r	0.4 p	
Diffusion index	37.5	75	50	100	62.5	100	100	
Lagging index	106.9	104.1	106.7	102.1 r	105.2 r	105.8 r	105.8 p	
Percent change	0.5	-2.6	2.5	-4.3 r	3.0	0.6 r	0.0 p	
Diffusion index	50	21.4	64.3	21.4	50	64.3	42.9	
Coincident-lagging ratio	96.4	99.6	96.6	102.4 r	99.4	99.3 r	99.7 p	
	Jun to	Jul to	Aug to	Sep to	Oct to	Nov to	Dec to	
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	
Leading index								
Percent change	6.6	5	3.4	3.8	4.4	4.7	5.0	
Diffusion index	90	85	80	80	80	80	75	
Coincident index								
Percent change	4.1	2.9	1.3	2.2	1.6	2.0	2.4	
Diffusion index	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	
Lagging index								
Percent change	-2.0	-3.5	-0.7	-4.6	-1.0	-0.6	-1.0	
Diffusion index	35.7	7.1	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	

p Preliminary. r Revised (noted only for index levels and one-month percent changes). c Corrected.

CALCULATION NOTE: The diffusion indexes measure the proportion of the components that are contributing positively. Components that rise more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 1.0, components that change less than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.5, and components that fall more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.0.

The full history of composite and diffusion indexes is available by subscription on our web site at https://www.conference-board.org/data/bcicountry.cfm?cid=1

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Table 2. Data and Net Contributions for Components of The Conference Board Leading Economic Index® (LEI) for U.S.

Components	2020			2	2021				
Components	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May		Jun	
		U.	S. Leading Ed	conomic Inde	x Componen	t Data			
Average workweek, production workers, mfg. (hours)	41.3	41.6	41.4	41.7	41.6	41.5	r	41.3	
Average weekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance (thousands)*	804.9	865.7	804.5	721.6	562.2	428.5	r	396.8	
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials (mil. 1982 dol.)	129,266	128,236	123,900 r	124,634	121,156 r	119,643 r		119,951 **	
ISM® New Orders Index									
(percent)	67.5	61.1	64.8	68.0	64.3	67.0		66.0	
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense									
capital goods excl. aircraft (mil. 1982 dol.)	39722	40014	39774	40396	41246 r	40980 r		41054 **	
Building permits (thous.)	1,758	1,883	1,726	1,755	1,733	1,683 r		1,598	
Stock prices, 500 common stocks © (index: 1941-43=10)	3,695.31	3,793.75	3,883.43	3,910.51	4,141.18	4,167.85		4,238.49	
Leading Credit Index™ (std. dev.¹)*	-1.70 r	-1.24 r	-1.34 r	-1.46 r	-1.79 r	-1.77	r	-2.10	
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	0.84	0.99	1.18	1.54	1.57	1.56		1.44	
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions (std. dev. 1)	-0.67 r	-0.22 r	-0.14 r	0.75 r	0.69 r	0.40	r	0.87	
LEADING INDEX (2016=100) Percent change from preceding month	109.6 0.4	110.1 0.5	110.1 0.0	111.6 1.4	113.0 1.3	114.3 1.2	r r	115.1 0.7	p p
Average workweek, production workers, mfg		.20	13	.20	07	07	r	14	
Average weekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance		24	.24	.35	.81	.88	r	.25	
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials		07	29 r	.05 r	24 r	11 r		.02 **	
ISM® New Orders Index		.11	.19	.25	.18	.23		.21	
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft		.03	02	.06	.09 r	03		.01 **	
Building permits		.20	25	.05	04	08 r		15	
Stock prices, 500 common stocks ©		.10	.09	.03	.23	.03		.07	
Leading Credit Index™		.10	.11	.12	.15 r	.15		.18	
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds		.11	.13	.17	.17	.17		.16	
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions		03	02	.11	.10	.06 r		.12	

- p Preliminary. r Revised. c Corrected.
- Standard deviation above or below the mean
- \* Inverted series; a negative change or value in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.
- \*\* Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)
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- CALCULATION NOTE: The percent change in the index does not always equal the sum of the net contributions of the individual components (because of rounding effects and base value differences).

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Table 3. Data and Net Contributions for Components of The Conference Board Coincident and Lagging Economic Index® (CEI) and (LAG) for U.S.

2	2020			20	)21		
Components	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
			U.S. Coincide	ent Economic Index	Component Data		
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls (thousands)	142,503	142,736	143,272	144,057	144,326 r	144,909 r	145,759
Personal income less transfer payments (ann. rate, bil. chn. 2012 dol.)	14,166	14,150 r	14,187 r	14,311 r	14,373	14,438 r	14,474 **
Industrial production (index: 2012=100)	98.285	99.408 r	96.372 r	98.940 r	98.966 г	99.654 r	100.095
Manufacturing and trade sales (mil. chn. 2012 dol.)	1,566,283	1,617,594 r	1,568,282 r	1,631,298 r	1,623,417 r	1,626,408 **	1,630,732 **
COINCIDENT INDEX (2016=100) Percent change from preceding month	103.0 0.0	103.7 0.7	103.1 -0.6	104.5 r 1.4 r	104.6 r 0.1 r	105.1 0.5 r	105.5 0.4
			U.S. Coincident E	conomic Index Cor	nponent Contributio	ns	
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls		.09	.20	.29	.10	.21 r	.31
Personal income less transfer payments	••••	02 r	.05 r	.18 r	.09 r	.09 r	.05
Industrial production		.16 r	45 r	.38 г	.00 r	.10 r	.06
Manufacturing and trade sales		.39 г	37	.47 r	06 r	.02 **	.03
			U.S. Lagging	g Economic Index (	Component Data		
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)*	23.4	26.0	27.6	29.7	28.8	29.9	31.6
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales (chain 2012 dol.)	1.368	1.324	1.363 r	1.302 r	1.296 r	1.298 **	1.298 **
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg. (6-month percent, ann. rate)	-5.8	0.6 r	14.6 r	11.1	9.5 **	8.2 **	7.2 **
Average prime rate charged by banks (percent)	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding (mil. chn. 2012 dol.)	1,374,684 r	1,322,428 r	1,321,137 r	1,285,434 r	1,281,378 r	1,283,148 r	1,246,659 **
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income (percent)	21.27 r	19.29	20.82 r	17.30 r	20.00 r	20.57 r	20.72 **
Change in CPI for services (6-month percent, ann. rate)	2.2	1.3	1.6	2.2	3.2	3.5	4.3
LAGGING INDEX (2016=100) Percent change from preceding month	106.9 0.5	104.1 -2.6	106.7 2.5	102.1 r -4.3 r	105.2 г 3.0	105.8 r 0.6 r	105.8 0.0
			U.S. Lagging Ec	onomic Index Com	ponent Contribution	s	
Average duration of unemployment	••••	37	21	26	.11	13	20
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales		42	.37 r	59 r	06 r	.02 **	.00 **
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg		.33 г	.71 r	18 r	08 **	07 **	05 **
Average prime rate charged by banks		.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding		33 r	01 r	23	03 г	.01 r	24 **
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income		-1.80 r	1.41 r	-3.40	2.67	.52 r	.13 **
Change in CPI for services		19	.06	.13	.21	.06	.17
	••••	.10	.00	.10	.41	.00	

CPI Consumer Price Index. For additional notes see table 2.

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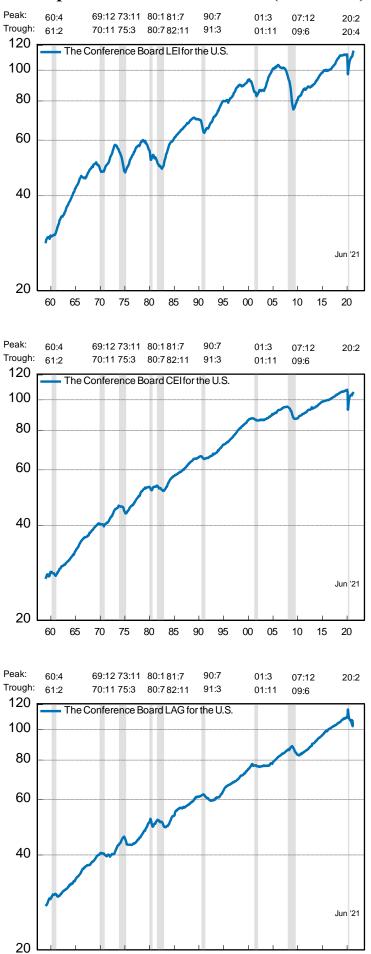
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<sup>\*</sup> Inverted series; a negative change in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)

### **U.S. Composite Economic Indexes (2016=100)**



70 75

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